

FLOIM

Flexible Optical Injection Moulding of optoelectronic devices

Femtosecond laser fabrication of volume and surface-relief micrometric phase-gratings

FLOIM final event, April 28th, Munich



Outline

- Introduction

Introduction: Institutional profile

- **ceit** is an independent, private, non-profit Research and Technology Organization founded in 1982 by the School of Engineering of the University of Navarra



Motivation: FLOIM project

LED lighting with embedded functional optics
 More efficient and eco-friendly lighting, with integrated functional optics, at a reduced cost. Suitable for lighting on demand.



Flexible screen in vehicles A pillar for increased visibility
 Elimination of the A pillar blind spot for car drivers, resulting in an increase of road safety, specially for pedestrians and bikers.



Miniaturized scanning head for optical encoders
 Allowing for higher positioning accuracy, this will mean a breakthrough in the manufacturing industry.

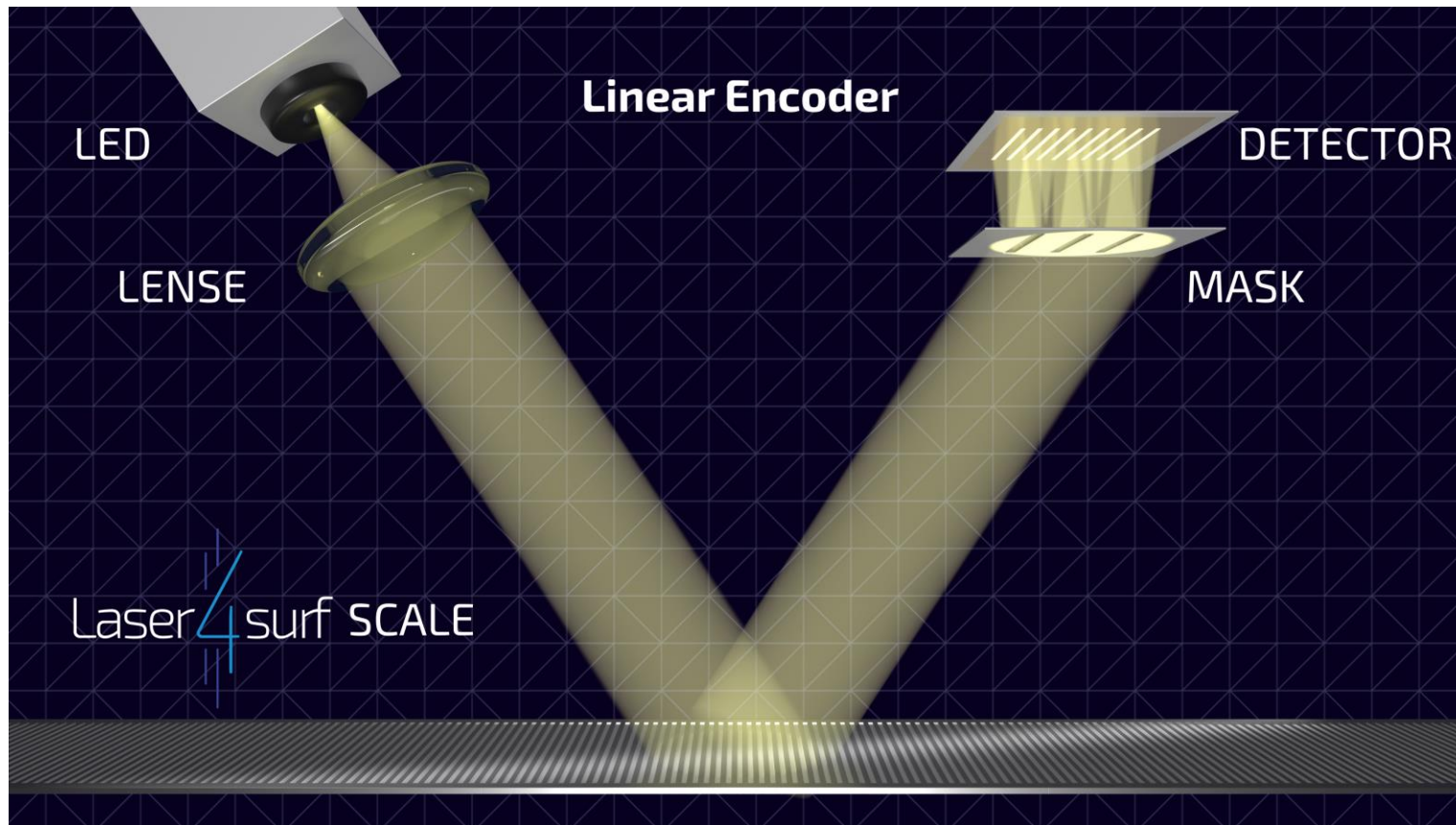


Fiber Optic Transceiver for datacom
 More compact components will allow for higher data density transmission, improving fiber optics communication speeds and decreasing the size of devices that use them.



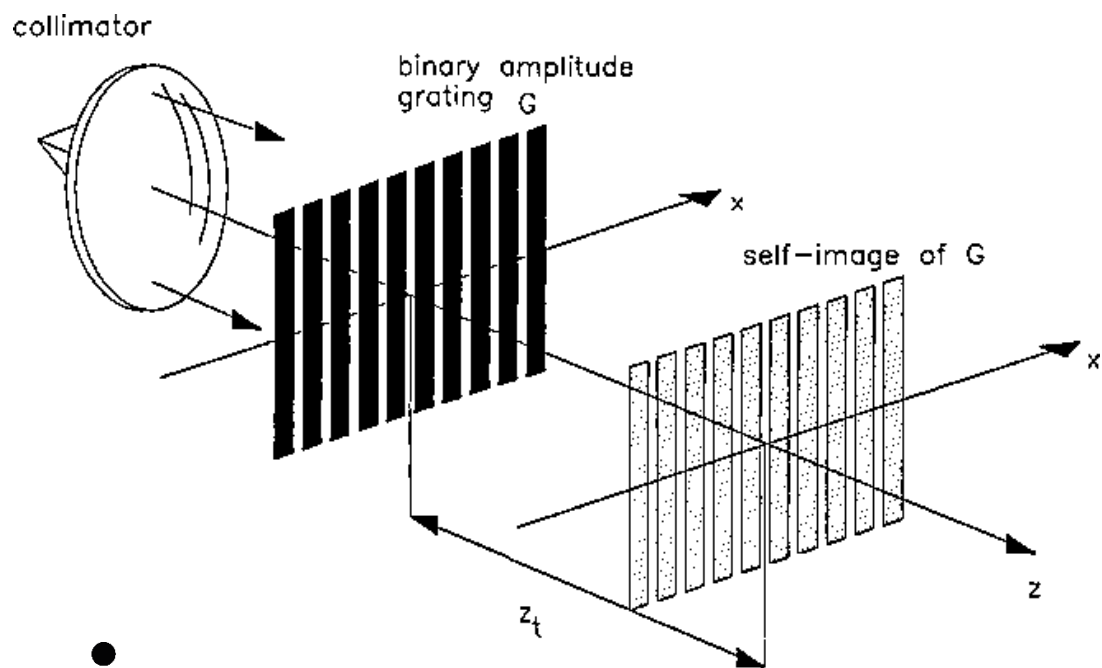
Motivation: Grating for Optical Encoder Head

- Grating needed for the optical head to work properly

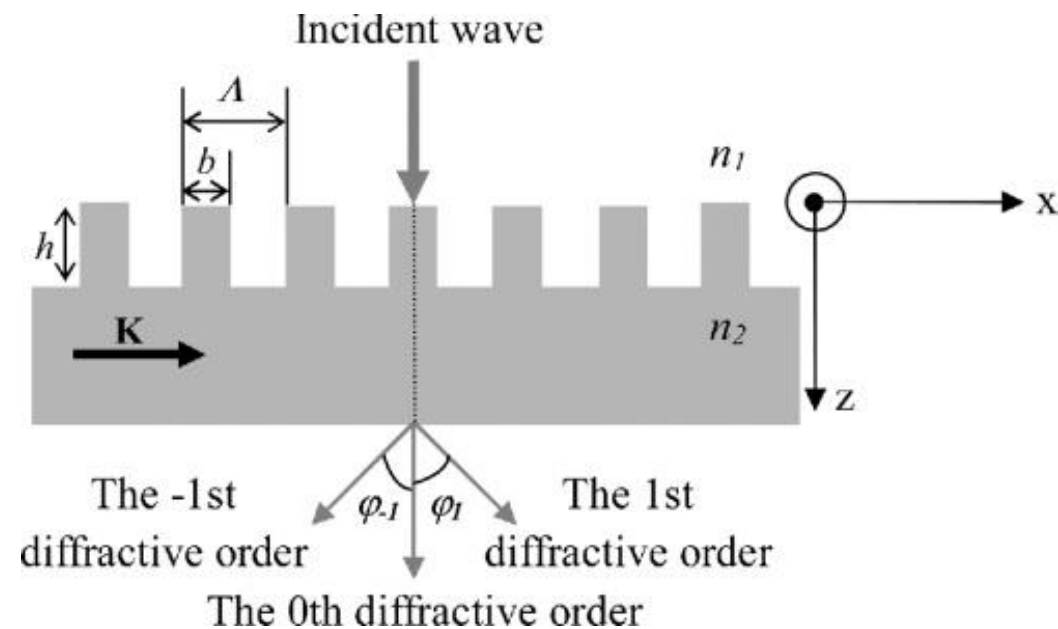


Motivation: Phase-grating

- Why a phase-grating?



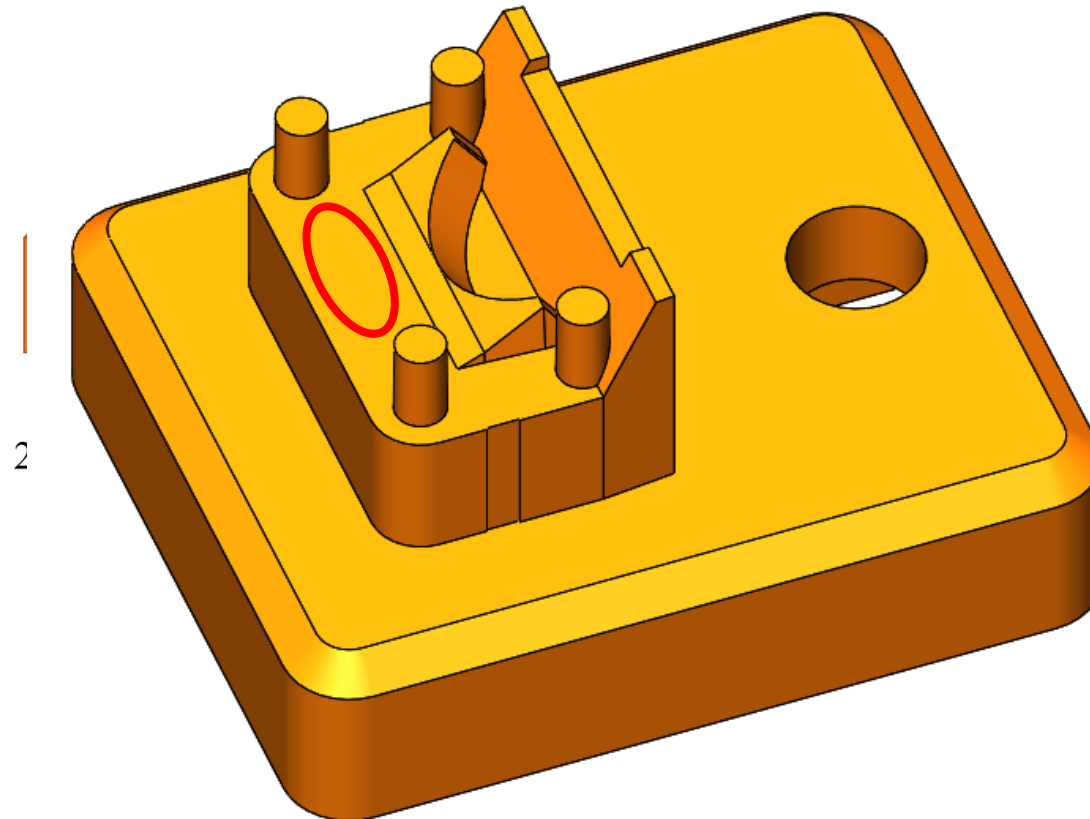
Adapted from Szwaykovsky and Arrizon, 1993.



Feng et al., 1993.

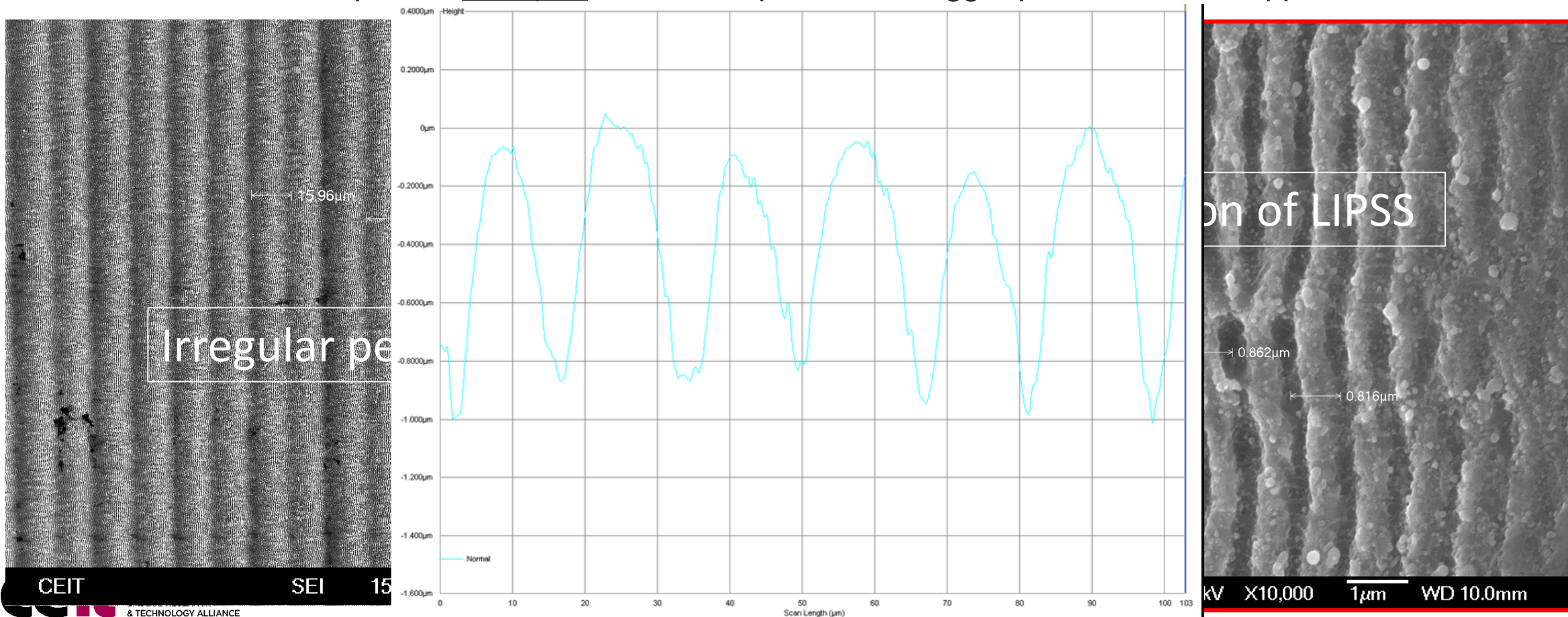
Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- Parameters of the phase-grating: 7x3 mm, 10 μm period, initially 850 nm depth (afterwards modified).



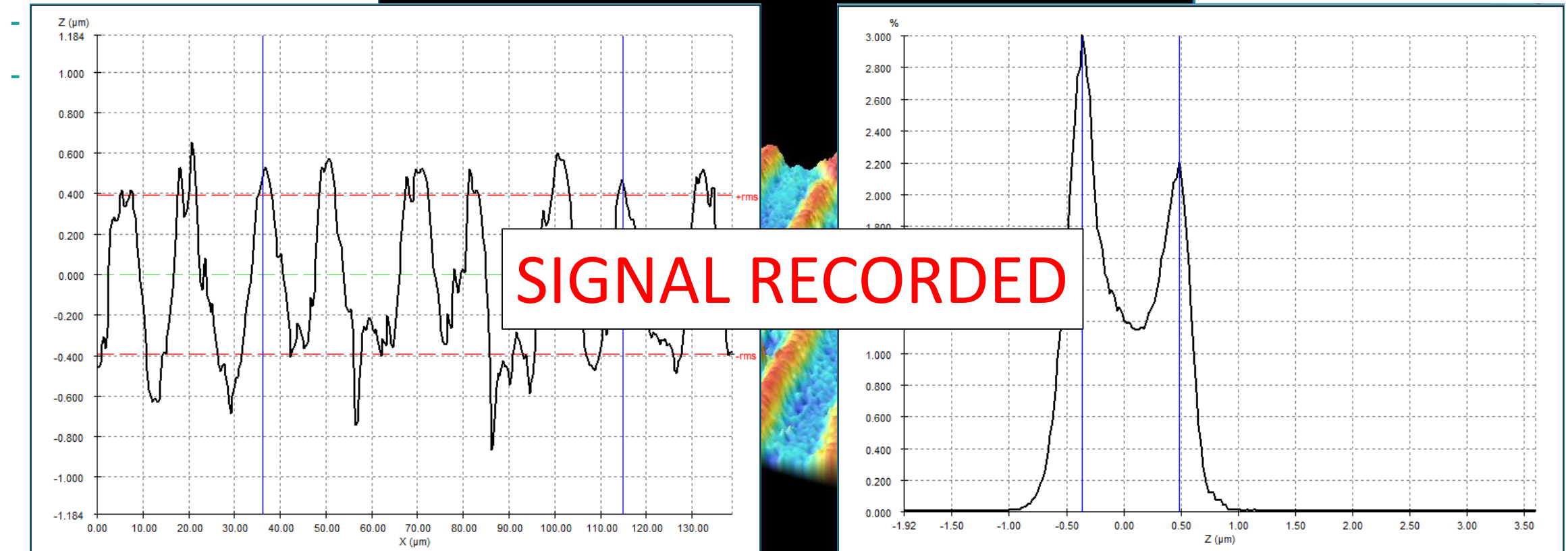
Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- Smallest achievable period: 16.1 μm -> First samples with a bigger period as a first approach.



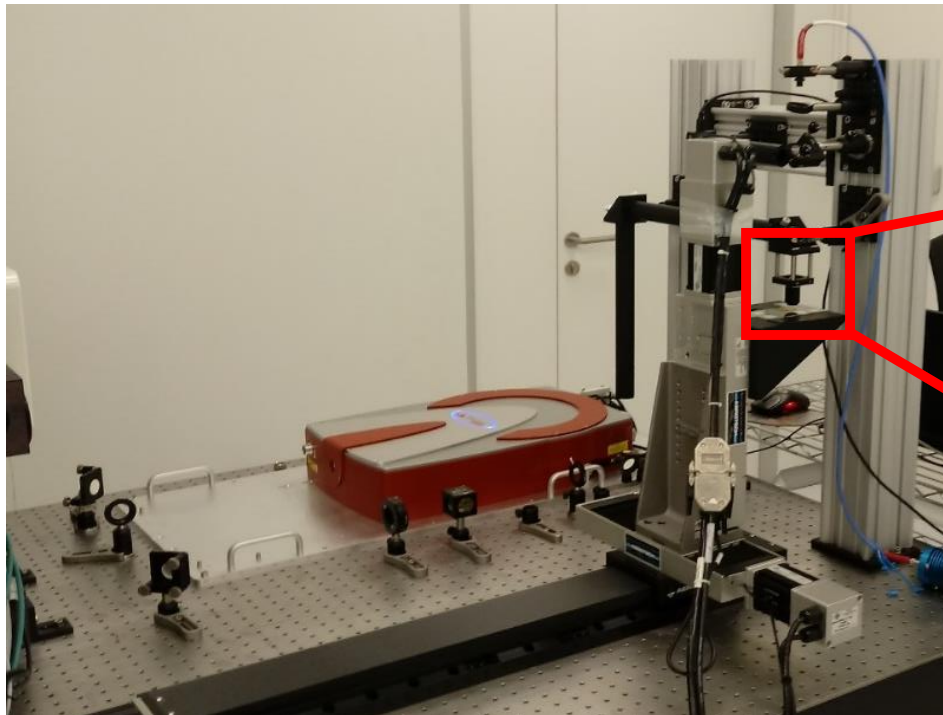
Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- Injection performed by Promolding in a standard injection moulding machine: melt 300°C and mould 90°C



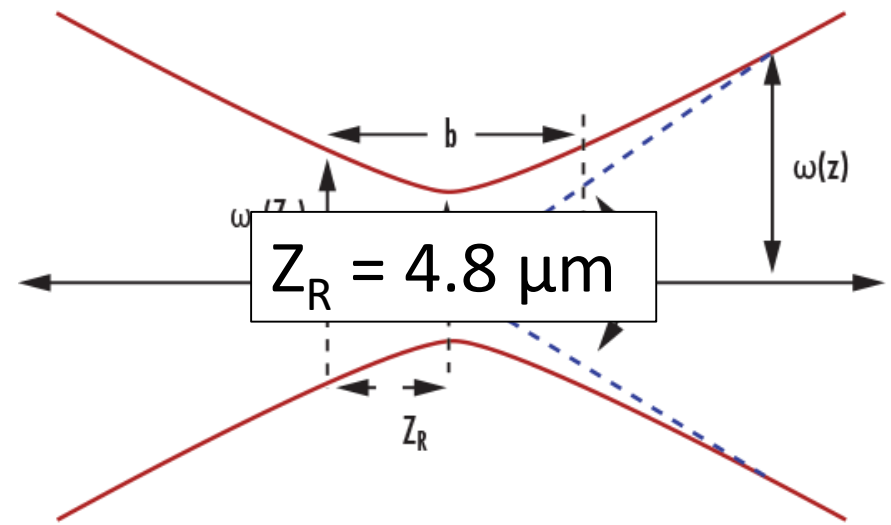
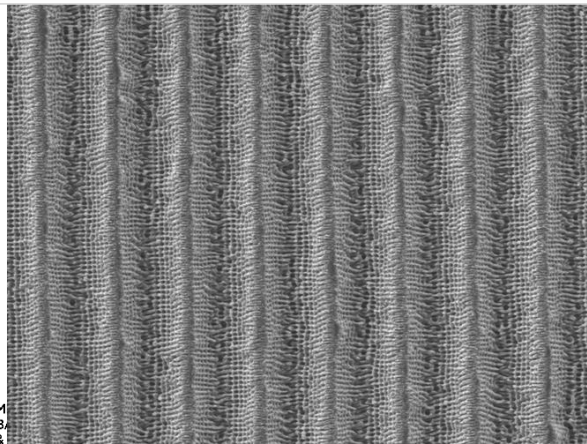
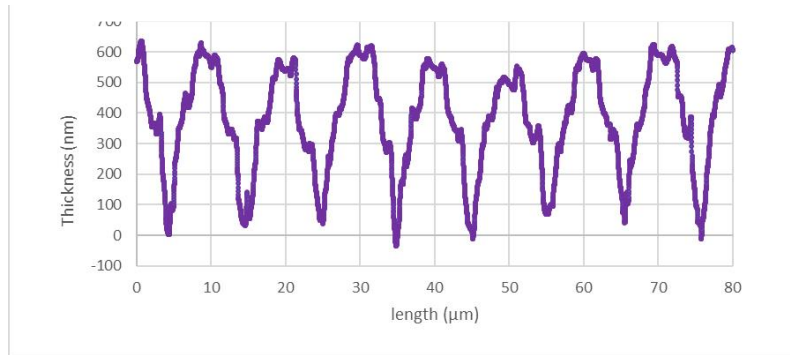
Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- We needed to find a way to generate a grating with a lower period: second setup.



Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- Two main problems:



Edmund Optics

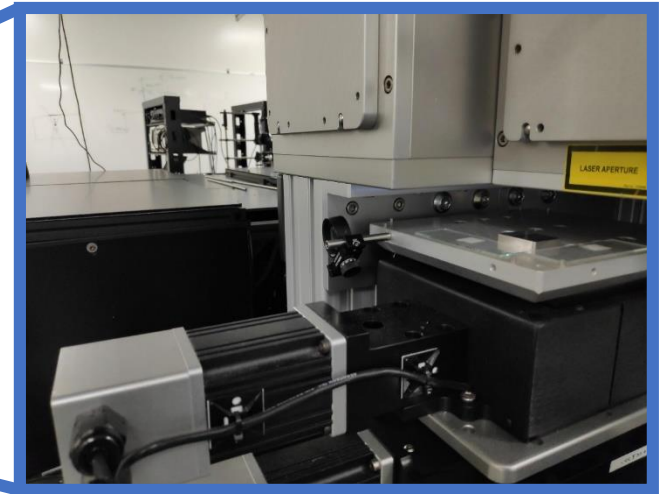
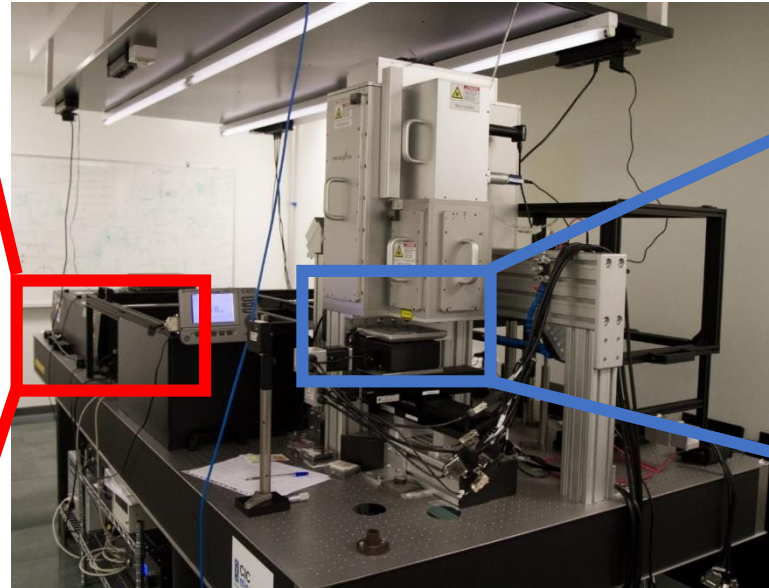
Spot radius

$$Z_R = \frac{\pi \omega_0^2}{\lambda}$$

wavelength

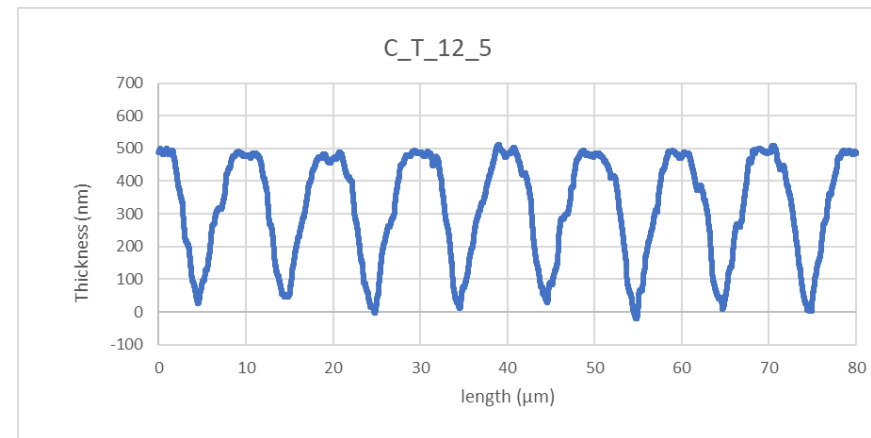
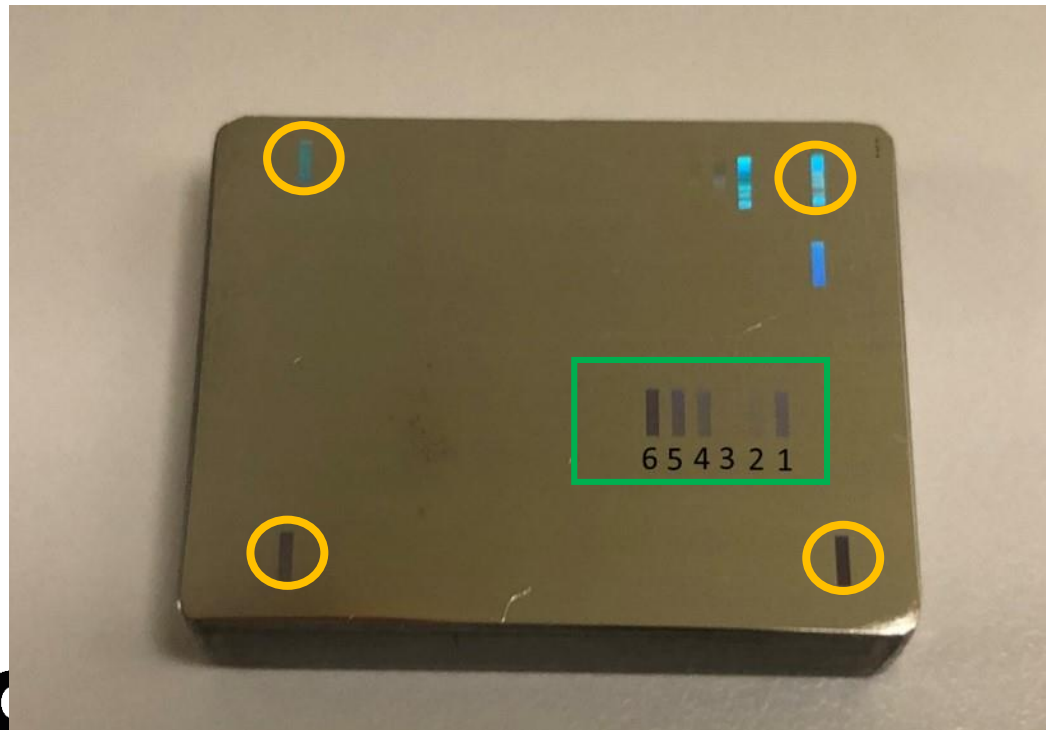
Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- Third setup:



Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

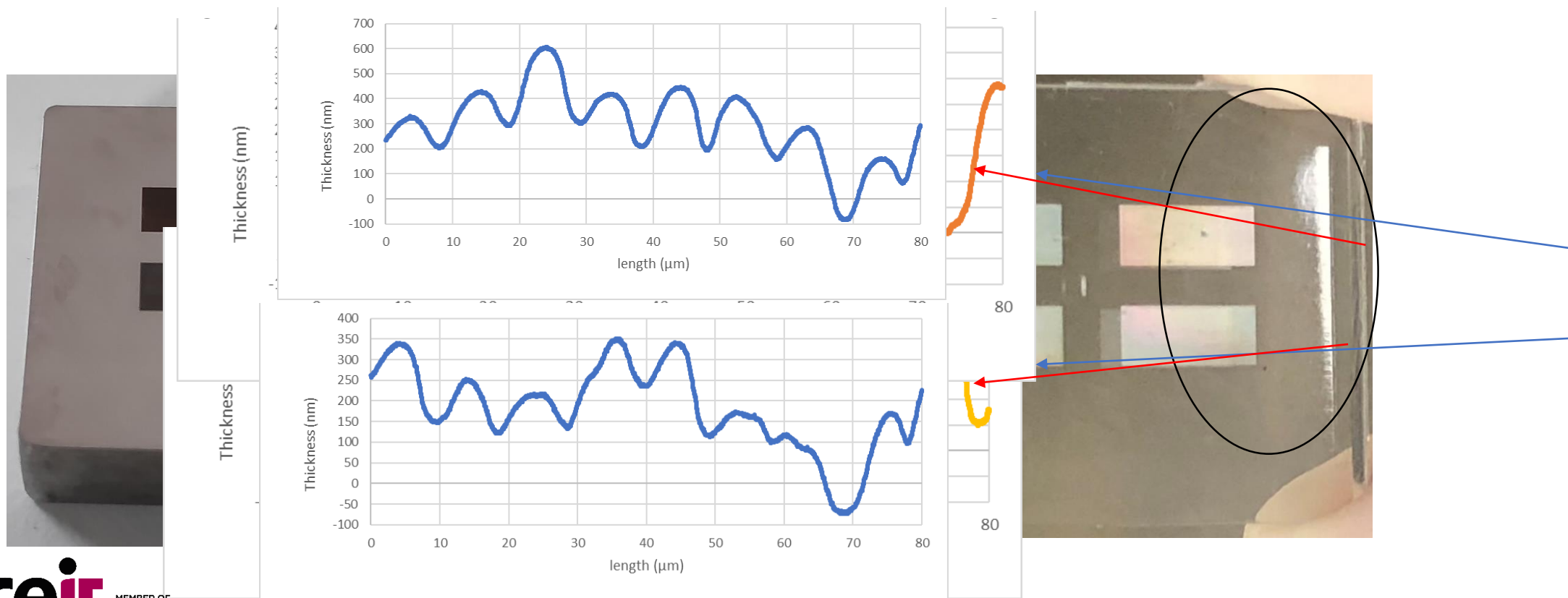
- First step: Assess surface irregularity and process robustness:



Results are repetitive

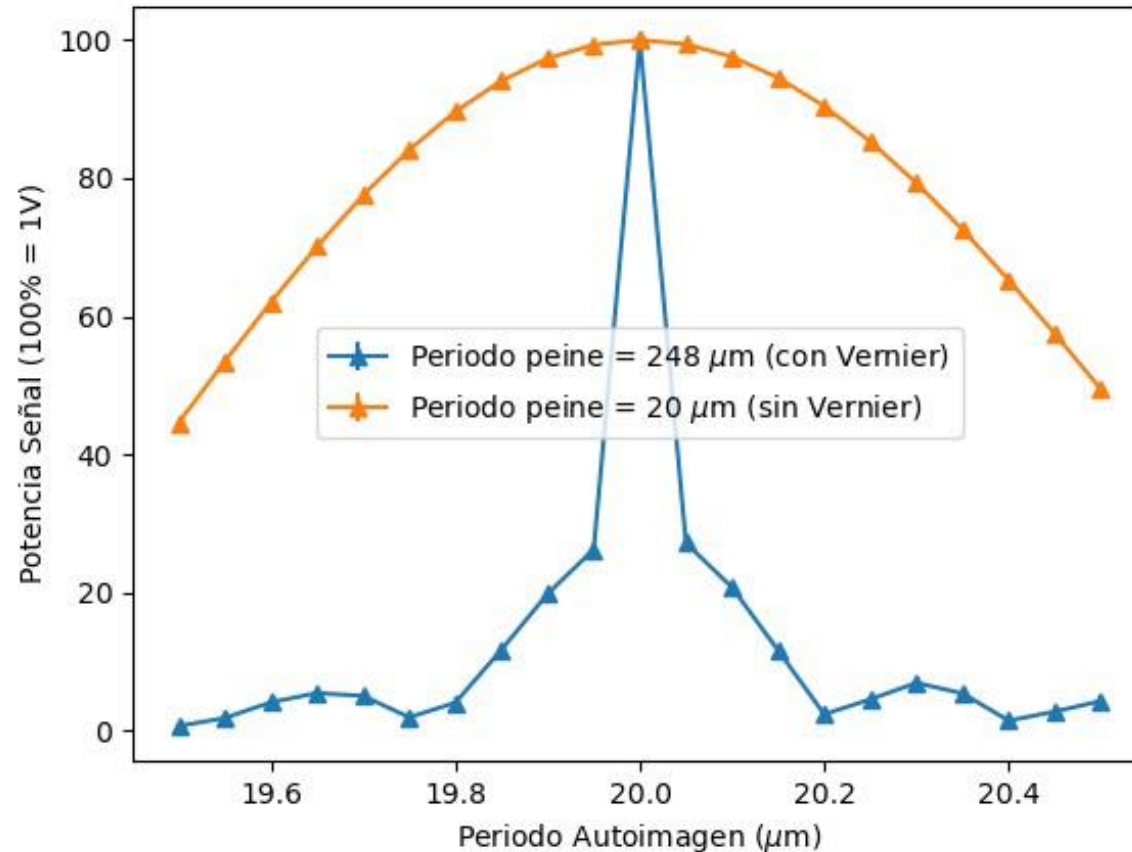
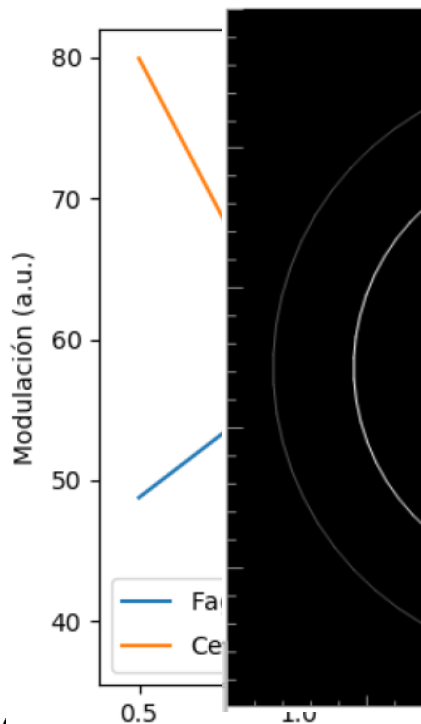
Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- Four gratings inscribed on an insert with slightly different depths and profiles.



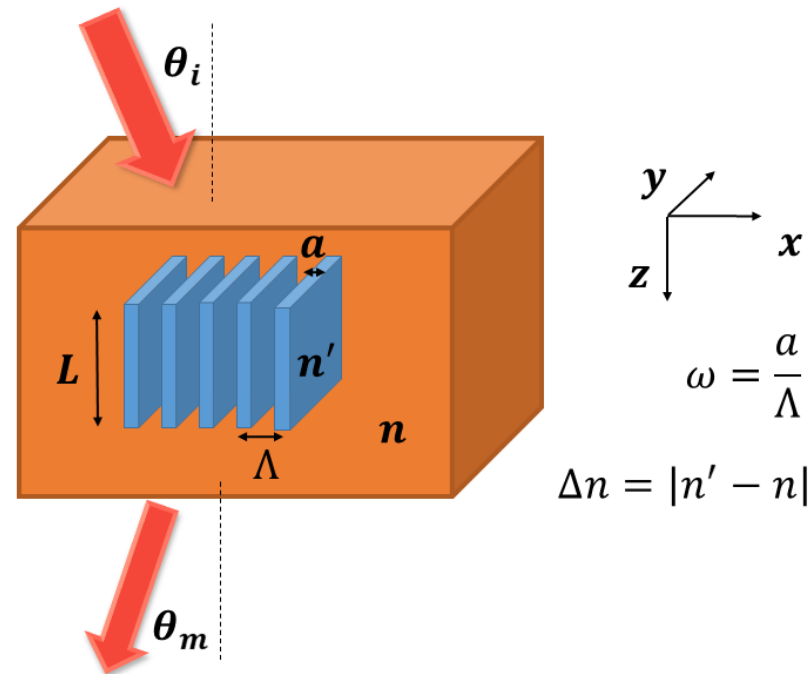
Fabrication of surface-relief phase-gratings

- Functional chara



Fabrication of volume phase-gratings

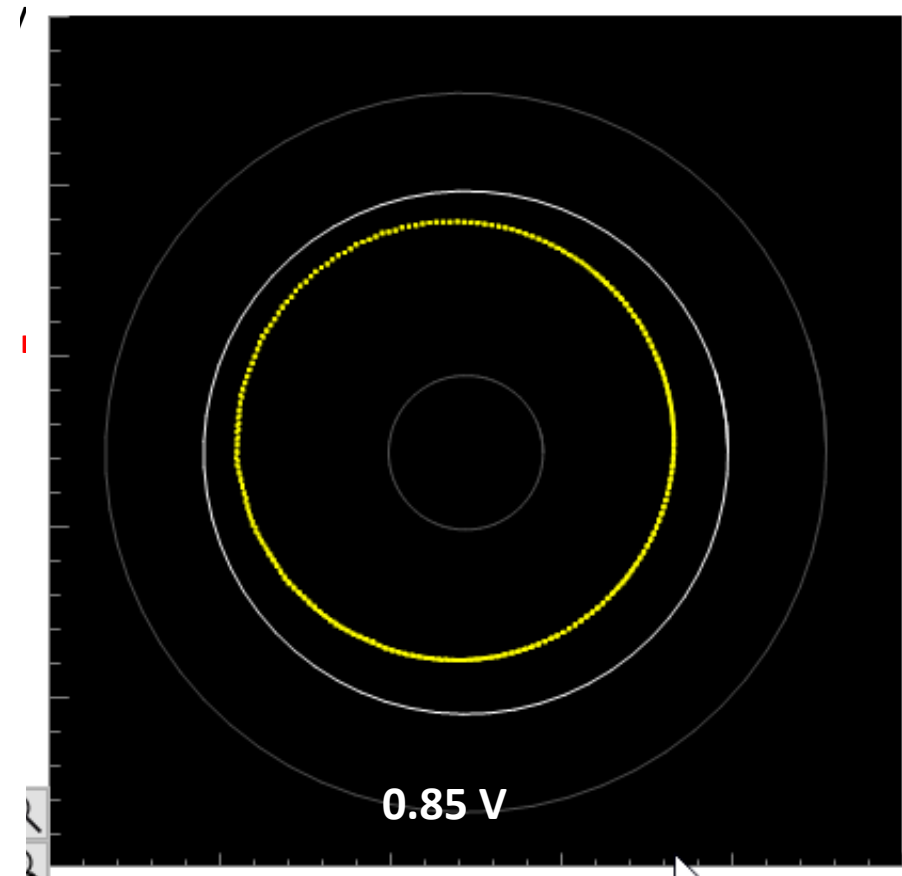
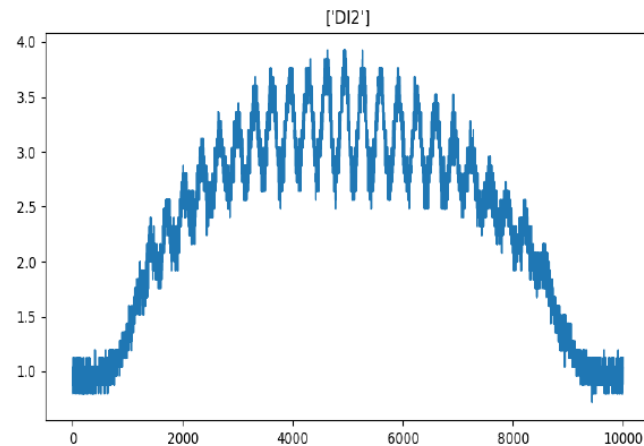
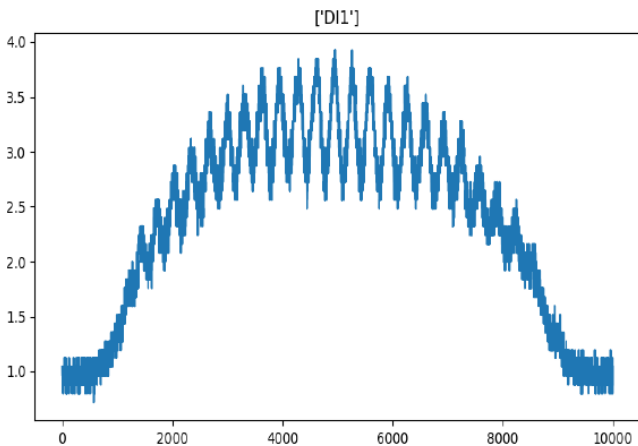
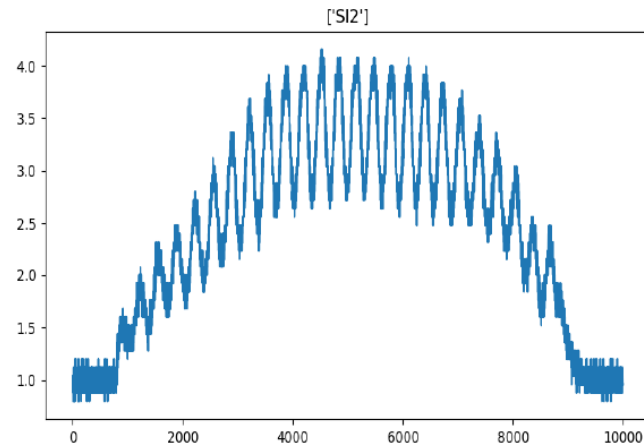
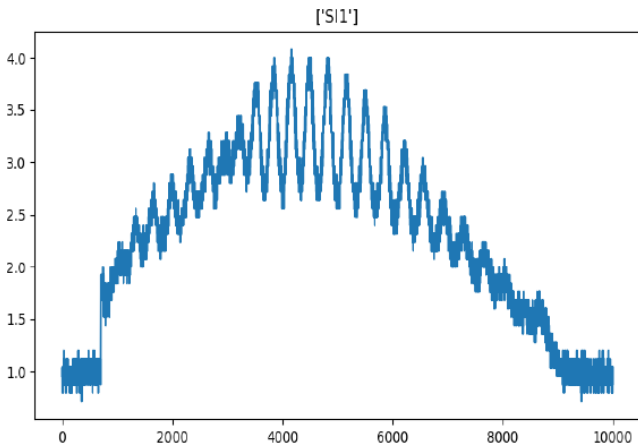
- Alternative: Including a glass grating and co-inject it with the optical head (or glue it later).
- Second setup (20X magnification objective, Amplitude laser).
- Material: Borosilicate glass doped with a 1% of embedded CdSxSe1-x semiconductor nanocrystals of 3.9 nm radii (OG530 Schott Glass Inc.)



A scheme of the Volume Phase-Grating. The definitions of the parameters of interest are shown.

Fabrication of volume phase-gratings

- Functional characterisation by Fagor:



Conclusions



Thanks for your attention

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Consortium:



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